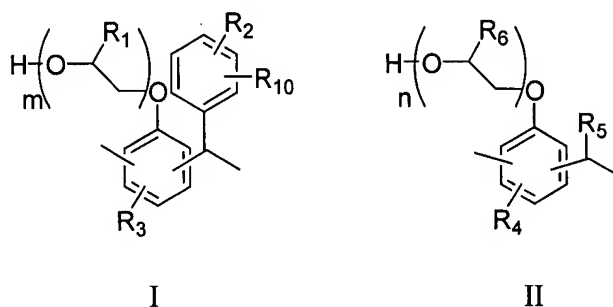


## CLAIMS

1. An alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer comprising repeating units of formula



wherein  $\text{R}_1$  and  $\text{R}_6$  are independently H, methyl or ethyl;  $\text{R}_2$  and  $\text{R}_{10}$  are independently H,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{18}$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_5\text{-C}_{10}$  aryl, hydroxy, alkoxy or halogen;  $\text{R}_3$  and  $\text{R}_4$  are independently  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{18}$  alkyl;  $\text{R}_5$  is H,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3$  alkyl, or arylalkyl or a mixture thereof; and  $m$  and  $n$  are independently 1 to about 30, wherein the alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer comprises 1 to about 40 monomer units of formula I, 0 to about 39 monomer units of formula II and the monomer units of formula I and II are present in a ratio about 1:10 to about 10:1.

2. The alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 1 wherein  $\text{R}_2$  and  $\text{R}_{10}$  are H.

3. The alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 1 comprising about 3 to about 40 repeating units of formula I wherein the monomer unit of formula II is absent.

4. The alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 1 wherein  $m$  and  $n$  are independently 1 to about 20.

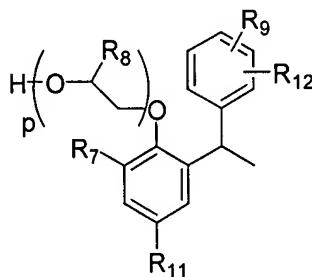
5. The alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 1 wherein  $\text{R}_3$  and  $\text{R}_4$  are independently  $\text{C}_4\text{-C}_{12}$  alkyl.

6. The alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_6$  are independently H or methyl.

7. The alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 1 wherein  $R_5$  is H or methyl or a mixture thereof.

8. The alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 7 wherein  $R_5$  is a mixture of H and methyl in a ratio of about 1:10 to about 10:1.

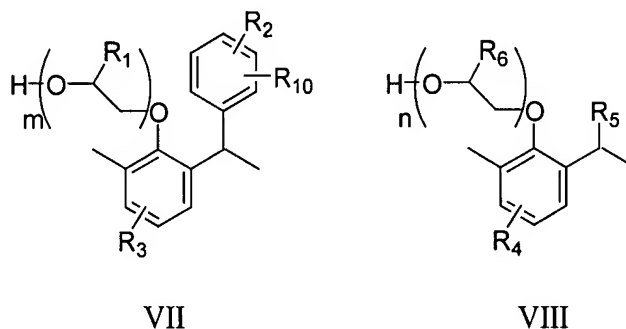
9. The alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 1 further comprising a terminal group of formula III



III

wherein  $R_7$  and  $R_{11}$  are independently  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl;  $R_8$  is H, methyl or ethyl;  $R_9$  and  $R_{12}$  are independently H,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  aryl, hydroxy, alkoxy or halogen; and  $p$  is 1 to about 30.

10. An alkoxyated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer according to claim 1 comprising repeating units of formula VII and VIII



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wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_6$  are independently H, methyl or ethyl;  $R_2$  and  $R_{10}$  are independently H,  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  aryl, hydroxy, alkoxy or halogen;  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  are independently  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl;  $R_5$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl, or arylalkyl or a mixture thereof; and  $m$  and  $n$  are independently 1 to about 30, wherein the alkoxyated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer comprises 1 to about 40 monomer units of formula VII, 0 to about 39 monomer units of formula VIII and the monomer units of formula VII and VIII are present in a ratio about 1:10 to about 10:1.

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11. The alkoxyated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 10 comprising about 3 to about 40 repeating units of formula VII wherein the monomer unit of formula VIII is absent.

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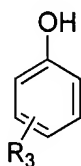
12. The alkoxyated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 11 comprising about 3 to about 30 repeating units of formula VII wherein  $m$  is 1 to about 20;  $R_1$  is H or methyl;  $R_2$  and  $R_{10}$  are H; and  $R_3$  is  $C_4$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl.

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13. A demulsifier composition for resolving water-in-oil emulsions comprising one or more alkoxyated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymers according to claim 1.

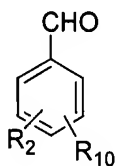
14. A method of preparing the alkoxylated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer of claim 1 comprising:

i) reacting one or more alkylphenols of formula IV



IV

wherein  $R_3$  is H or straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl, with about 0.05 to about 1.2 molar equivalents of a arylaldehyde compound of formula V

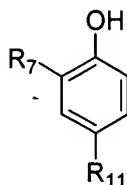


V

wherein  $R_2$  and  $R_{10}$  are independently H, straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_{18}$  alkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  aryl, hydroxy, alkoxy or halogen and optionally about 0.05 to about 0.95 molar equivalents of one or more aliphatic aldehydes of formula  $R_5CHO$  wherein  $R_5$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl, or arylalkyl to form an alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer; and

ii) reacting the alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymer with about 1 to about 30 molar equivalents of one or more alkylene oxides.

15. The method of claim 14 wherein the alkylphenol comprises a mixture of the alkylphenol of formula IV and a dialkylphenol of formula VI



VI

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wherein R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>11</sub> are independently C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>18</sub> alkyl.

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16. A method of resolving a water-in-oil emulsion comprising adding to the emulsion an effective demulsifying amount of one or more alkoxyated alkylphenol-arylaldehyde polymers according to claim 1.

17. The method of claim 16 wherein the water-in-oil emulsion is a crude oil emulsion.

18. The method of claim 17 wherein the crude oil emulsion is a refinery desalting emulsion.

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19. The method of claim 17 wherein the crude oil emulsion is a crude oil production emulsion.